

Today's presentation

- The Napa River
- Problems for fish
- Sediment TMDL and Habitat Enhancement Plan
- Implementation
- Comments
- Next steps



Calistoga Yountville Napa Oakland Valleio

The Napa River watershed

- 55 miles of river
- Third largest watershed in the Bay Area
- Diverse native fish and wildlife communities
- Regionally significant steelhead and salmon runs

Fisheries in decline

- Since the 1940s, significant drop in steelhead and salmon populations
- Remaining populations vulnerable to extinction



A healthy river



Artwork by Sandi Potter

- Cool flowing water
- Riparian vegetation
- Complex channel topography
- Clean gravel bed
- Functioning floodplain

Healthy habitat in the Napa River



Photo Credit: Phillip Williams & Associates

Napa River at Rutherford Cross Road (looking downstream)

Degraded habitat in the Napa River

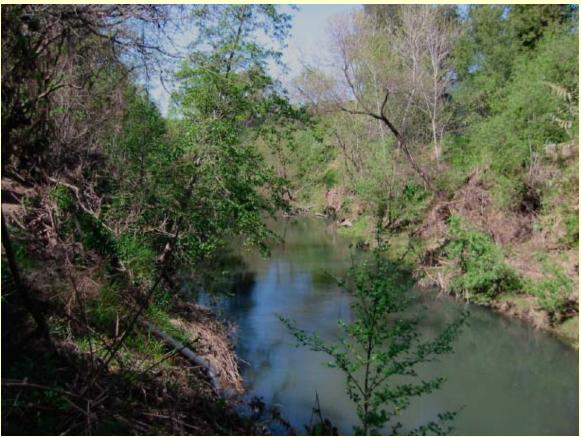


Photo credit: Phillip Williams & Associates

The Napa River near Zinfandel Lane (looking upstream)

Problems for salmon and steelhead in the Napa River watershed



- Too much fine sediment in the streambed
- Bed and bank erosion in river and lower tributary reaches
- Low flows, high water temperatures in dry season
- Many fish migration barriers in tributaries
- Lack of large wood in the river and tributaries

Sediment sources



Natural erosion



Road-related

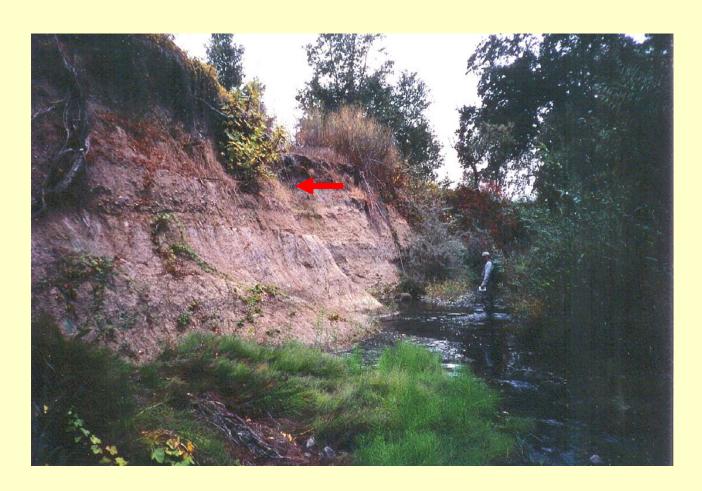


Vineyard-related



Grazing-related

Sediment sources



Human-caused Bed and Bank Erosion

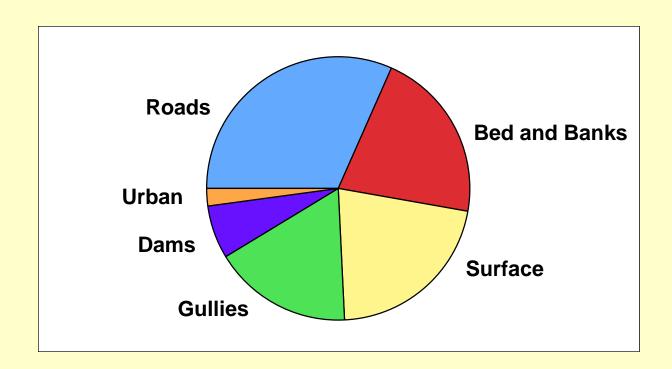
Sediment load in the Napa River

- Total sediment load is about 180% of natural background
- Average natural load= 150,000 tons/year
- Average total load= 270,000 tons/year



The Napa River near Zinfandel Lane

Human-caused sediment sources to the Napa River



The proposed Basin Plan amendment



- Two key elements
 - ▲ TMDL & Implementation Plan for sediment
 - ▲ Habitat Enhancement Plan to address other problems for fish

The Napa River Sediment TMDL

- Two targets define a healthy streambed
 - ▲ Gravel permeability
 - ▲ Depth of streambed scour



The Napa River Sediment TMDL

- Sediment TMDL= 125% of natural background
 - ▲ Requires 50% reduction in human-caused sediment inputs



TMDL implementation framework

- Waste discharge requirements (WDRs) and/or waivers for vineyards, rural areas, and grazing lands
- StormwaterNPDES permits
- Cooperative efforts to reduce bed and bank erosion



Habitat Enhancement Plan recommends actions to...

- 1) Enhance habitat complexity
- 2) Protect or enhance summer flows
- 3) Restore fish passage
- 4) Maintain or lower stream temperatures

Comments

 Support from federal, state, and local agencies and groups for elements of the TMDL and plan



Comments

- Issues raised:
 - Allocations for NPDES permit holders
 - Scientific details
 - Environmental review
 - Water Rights concerns
 - Cost of implementation

Next steps

- Continue to engage with agencies and interested parties
- Prepare responses to comments
- Revise Basin Plan amendment and staff report as necessary
- Adoption hearing

